

**PENERAPAN PRINSIP *FREEDOM OF NAVIGATION* PADA PENGGUNAAN  
*UNDERWATER DRONE* DITINJAU DARI HUKUM LAUT INTERNASIONAL DAN  
HUKUM LAUT INDONESIA**

**SKRIPSI**

*Diajukan Sebagai Salah Satu Syarat Untuk Memperoleh Gelar Sarjana Hukum*

**Disusun Oleh :**

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**IMPLEMENTATION OF FREEDOM OF NAVIGATION PRINCIPLES IN THE USE OF UNDERWATER DRONE REFERRED FROM THE INTERNATIONAL LAW OF SEA AND THE INDONESIAN LAW OF THE SEA**

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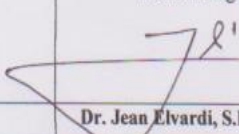
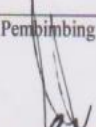
**ABSTRACT**

Nowadays, the development of technology and knowledge is very advanced and unlimited. Thus, the rule of law should be renewed for everytime, and it's including the rules of the law of the sea. Because sailing ships are not only manned vessels and submarines, but there is also an Underwater Drone. Which shaped like a miniature of submarine, unmanned and controlled remotely. Underwater Drone sails in the world's ocean or in the territorial sea of a country. By recognizing the principle of Freedom of Navigation in the International Law of the Sea and mention in Article 87 and Article 58 paragraph 2 of UNCLOS, a ship may sail freely for peaceful purposes and for researches. The use of Underwater Drone mentioned in the United Nations Security Council Resolutions 2348/XII/2017, which can be used for peaceful purposes and self-defense. Indonesia does not have a rules for Underwater Drone, but Indonesia already have the rules for Sky Drone. Indonesia should have a rules about the Underwater Drone for recognize and protect Indonesia's sovereignty.

**Keyword:** Freedom of Navigation Principles, Underwater Drone.

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